



Universal Periodic Review of Serbia, 43rd session of the UPR Working Group

Pre-session on the Republic of Serbia April 5, 2023

STATEMENT

Contribution by

Save the Children North West Balkans and

Centre for Youth Integration



CHILD RIGHTS FRAMEWORK

Recommendations accepted in the 3rd cycle:

- ✓ Adopt a comprehensive **law on children's rights** Mongolia, 114.17;
- ✓ Establish an office of the Ombudsman for Children Slovakia, 114.19;
- ✓ Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure

Slovakia, 114.9;

✓ Prohibit corporal punishment of children Montenegro, 114.91; Portugal, 114.92; Austria, 114.93; Uruguay, 114.95; Slovenia, 114.96; Chile, 114.94;

Status of the actions taken:

- A law on children's rights has not yet been adopted
- An office of the Ombudsman for Children has not been established

Although the ratification has been initiated, the **OPCP** is still to be ratified

Corporal punishment of children not yet prohibited





RECCOMENDATIONS

Take measures to ensure a legislative and institutional framework for the protection and the realisation of the rights of all children, including the most vulnerable groups.

- ✓ Adopt the Act on the Rights of the Child
- ✓ Establish an office of the Ombudsman for Children
- ✓ Adopt the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a Communications Procedure.
- Prohibit corporal punishment of children.





RIGHTS OF REFUGEE AND MIGRANT CHILDREN



REFUGEE AND MIGRANT CHILDREN

- Serbia remains one of the key transit countries for children and adults travelling to Europe via the Eastern Mediterranean and the Balkans Route
- In 2022, 120,245 new arrivals were registered in Serbia, a 99% increase compared to 2021.
- Lacking legal pathways to travel and seek asylum in Europe, refugee and migrant children arriving in Serbia are among the most vulnerable groups of children.
- In-depth research shows that, most likely, all refugee and migrant children arriving in Serbia through the Balkan route have been exposed to violence - physical, psychological, sexual violence, discrimination and exploitation, including sexual exploitation.





REFUGEE AND MIGRANT CHILDREN

Recommendations accepted in the 3rd cycle:

✓ Establish legislative and other measures to protect children from abuse and violence

Kyrgyzstan,114.89;

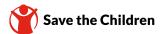
 ✓ Complete efforts in order to effectively protect children from violence and abuse

Greece, 113.53;

- ✓ Develop programmes to reduce dropout rates from schools Timor-Leste, 113.32;
- ✓ Step up efforts towards achieving inclusive education for all children Georgia, 113.34;

✓ Strengthen efforts to prevent and combat all forms of discrimination, including against women, children, Roma and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex persons

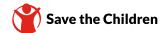
Italy, 113.14;





RECCOMENDATIONS

All refugee and migrant children and families need adequate protection, access to quality education as a protective factor and unhindered access to health services.



REFUGEE AND MIGRANT CHILDREN RECCOMENDATIONS

- Step up efforts to ensure that all aspects of migration management consider the violence experienced by refugee and migrant children, including by introducing independent monitoring and child protection mechanisms at the borders, strengthening child protection services in the country and providing alternative care solutions for unaccompanied migrant and displaced children.
- Step up efforts to ensure **prompt access to safe education**, offer children **more support in education** and **introduce mechanisms to prevent dropout**.
- Ensure that all asylum seekers, refugee and migrant children, and their families are not being
 discriminated against and have unhindered access to health care, including mental health care.



